

Quiz 5A - MTH 1410

12:36

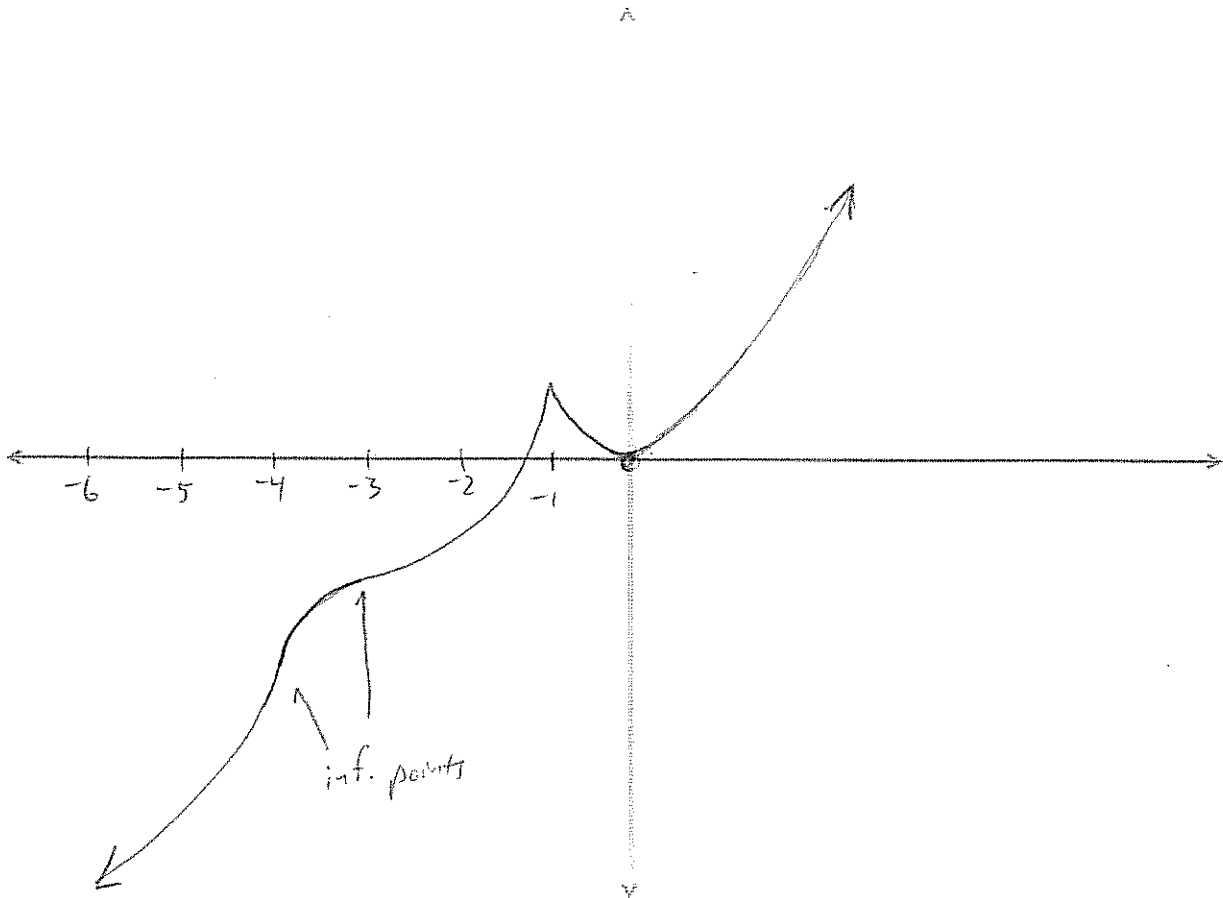
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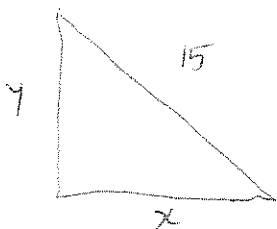
9
=> Give 20 minutes

1) (3 points) Graph a *continuous* function f with the following properties:

- $f(0) = 0$
- $f'(x) > 0$ on $(-\infty, -3), (-3, -1)$ and $(0, \infty)$
- $f''(x) > 0$ on $(-\infty, -4), (-3, -1)$ and $(-1, \infty)$
- $f'(x) < 0$ on $(-1, 0)$
- $f''(x) < 0$ on $(-4, -3)$



2) (4 points) A ladder 15 feet long rests against a vertical wall, and the bottom edge slides away from the wall at a constant rate of $\frac{1}{4}$ ft/sec. How fast is the top of the ladder sliding down the wall when the bottom of the ladder is 12 feet from the wall?



$$x^2 + y^2 = 15^2$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Want $\frac{dy}{dt}$ at $x=12$
 $y = \sqrt{15^2 - 12^2}$
 $y = 9$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(x^2 + y^2 = 225)$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$2 \cdot 12 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 2 \cdot 9 \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$18 \frac{dy}{dt} = -6$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{1}{3} \text{ ft/sec.}$$

3) (3 points) Use calculus to find the absolute maximum and minimum of $f(x) = 3x^{2/3} - \frac{6}{5}x^{5/3}$ on the interval $[-1, 2]$.

$$f'(x) = 3 \cdot \frac{2}{3} x^{-1/3} - \frac{6}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{3} x^{2/3}$$

$$0 = \frac{2}{x^{1/3}} - 2x^{2/3} \cdot \frac{x^{1/3}}{x^{1/3}}$$

$$0 = \frac{2 - 2x}{x^{1/3}} = \frac{2(1-x)}{x^{1/3}}$$

$$f(-1) = 3 + \frac{6}{5} = 4.2$$

$$f(0) = 0$$

\Rightarrow critical numbers $x=1$ and $x=0$

$$f(1) = 3 - \frac{6}{5} = 1.8$$

$$f(2) = 3\sqrt[3]{4} - \frac{6}{5}\sqrt[3]{32}$$

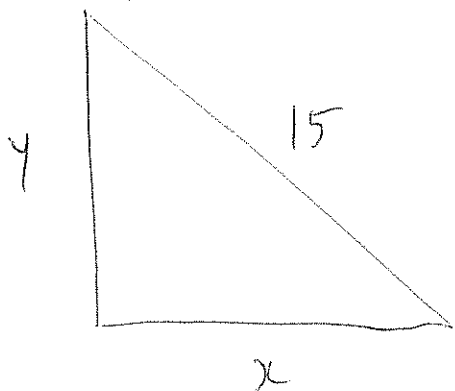
$$f(2) = 4.762 - 3.810 = 0.952$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Max of } 4.2, \text{ Min of } 0}$$

Quiz 5B - MTH 1410

Name: Key

1) (4 points) A ladder 15 feet long rests against a vertical wall, and the top edge slides down the wall at a constant rate of $\frac{-1}{3}$ ft/sec. How fast is the ladder sliding away from the wall when the bottom of the ladder is 9 feet from the wall?



$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

Want $\left. \frac{dx}{dt} \right|_{x=9}$
 $y = \sqrt{225 - 81} = 12$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (x^2 + y^2 = 15^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$2 \cdot 9 \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + 2(12) \left(\frac{-1}{3} \right) = 0$$

$$18 \frac{dx}{dt} = 8$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{8}{18} = \boxed{\frac{4}{9} \text{ ft/sec}}$$

2) (3 points) Use calculus to find the absolute maximum and minimum of $f(x) = 3x^{2/3} - \frac{6}{5}x^{5/3}$ on the interval $[-\frac{1}{8}, 4]$.

$$f'(x) = 3 \cdot \frac{2}{3} x^{-1/3} - \frac{6}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{3} x^{2/3}$$

$$= \frac{2}{x^{1/3}} - \frac{2x^{2/3} \cdot x^{1/3}}{x^{1/3}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2-2x}{x^{1/3}}$$

critical pts at $2-2x=0$

$$x^{1/3} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 1, 0$$

check: $f(-\frac{1}{8}) = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{6}{5 \cdot 32} = 0.7875$

$$f(4) = 2.52 - 12.10 = -9.57$$

$$f(1) = 1.8$$

$$f(0) = 0$$

Max = 1.8
Min = -9.57

3) (3 points) Graph a *continuous* function f with the following properties:

- $f(0) = 0$ $f'(x) > 0$ on $(2, 4)$ $f'(x) < 0$ on $(-\infty, 0), (0, 2)$ and $(4, \infty)$
- $f''(x) > 0$ on $(-\infty, 0), (1, 4)$ and $(4, \infty)$ $f''(x) < 0$ on $(0, 1)$

